1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to students with disabilities in 3 public schools; amending s. 1003.573, F.S.; providing 4 definitions; requiring school districts to prohibit 5 the use of seclusion; providing requirements for the 6 use of restraint; prohibiting specified restraint 7 techniques; revising school district policies and 8 procedures relating to restraint; requiring school 9 districts to adopt positive behavior interventions and 10 supports and certain policies and procedures; 11 requiring school districts to publicly post specified 12 policies and procedures; requiring school districts to provide training on certain interventions and supports 13 14 to specified personnel; providing requirements for such training; requiring school districts to publish 15 training procedures; requiring a school to develop a 16 17 crisis intervention plan for certain students; providing requirements for such plans; providing 18 19 requirements for documenting, reporting, and monitoring the use of restraint; conforming provisions 20 21 to changes made by the act; requiring the department 22 to make certain information available to the public by 23 a specified date; amending s. 1012.582, F.S.; 24 requiring continuing education and inservice training 25 for teaching students with emotional or behavioral

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26 disabilities; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date. 27 28 29 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 30 31 Section 1. Section 1003.573, Florida Statutes, is amended 32 to read: 33 1003.573 Seclusion and Use of restraint of and seclusion on students with disabilities in public schools.-34 35 (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term: (a) "Crisis Intervention Plan" means an individualized 36 37 action plan for school personnel to implement when a student 38 exhibits dangerous behavior that may lead to imminent risk of 39 serious injury. "Imminent risk of serious injury" means the threat 40 (b) 41 posed by dangerous behavior that may cause serious physical harm 42 to self or others. 43 "Restraint" means the use of a mechanical or physical (C) 44 restraint. 45 1. "Mechanical restraint" means the use of a device that 46 restricts a student's freedom of movement. The term does not include the use of devices prescribed by physical or behavioral 47 48 health professionals when used for the specific and prescribed

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2. "Physical restraint" means the use of manual restraint

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purposes.

techniques that involve significant physical force applied by a teacher or other staff member to restrict the movement of all or part of a student's body. The term does not include briefly holding a student in order to calm or comfort the student or physically escorting a student to a safe location.

- (d) "Positive behavior interventions and supports" means the use of behavioral interventions to prevent dangerous behaviors that may cause serious physical harm to the student or others.
- (e) "Seclusion" means the involuntary confinement of the student in a room or area alone and preventing the student from leaving the room or area.
- (f) "Student" means a child with an individual education plan enrolled in grades kindergarten through 12 in a school, as defined in s. 1003.01(2), or the Florida School for the Deaf and Blind. The term does not include students in prekindergarten, students who reside in residential care facilities under s. 1003.58, or students participating in a Department of Juvenile Justice education program under s. 1003.53.
- (2) SECLUSION.—Each school district shall prohibit school personnel from using seclusion.
 - (3) RESTRAINT.-

(a) Authorized school personnel may use restraint only when all positive behavior interventions and supports have been exhausted. Restraint may be used only when there is an imminent

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risk of serious injury and shall be discontinued as soon as the threat posed by the dangerous behavior has dissipated.

- (b) Notwithstanding the authority provided in s. 1003.32, restraint shall be used only to protect the safety of students, school personnel, or others and may not be used for student discipline or to correct student noncompliance.
- (c) The degree of force applied during physical restraint must be only that degree of force necessary to protect the student or others from imminent risk of serious injury.
- (d) Restraint techniques shall not use straightjackets, obstruct or restrict breathing or blood flow, or inflict pain to induce compliance.
 - (4) (3) SCHOOL DISTRICT POLICIES AND PROCEDURES.
- (a) Each school district shall adopt positive behavior interventions and supports and identify all school personnel authorized to use the interventions and supports. Each school district shall develop policies and procedures that are consistent with this section and that govern the following:
 - 1. Incident-reporting procedures.
- 2. Data collection and monitoring, including when, where, and why students are restrained and or secluded; the frequency of occurrences of such restraint or seclusion; and the prone or mechanical restraint that is most used.
 - 3. Monitoring and reporting of data collected.
 - 4. Training programs and procedures relating to manual or

101 physical restraint and seclusion as described in subsection (3).

- 5. The district's plan for selecting personnel to be trained pursuant to this subsection.
- 6. The district's plan for reducing the use of restraint, and seclusion particularly in settings in which it occurs frequently or with students who are restrained repeatedly, and for reducing the use of prone restraint and mechanical restraint. The plan must include a goal for reducing the use of restraint and seclusion and must include activities, skills, and resources needed to achieve that goal. Activities may include, but are not limited to:
- a. Additional training in positive <u>behavior interventions</u> and supports. behavioral support and crisis management;
 - b. Parental involvement. +
 - c. Data review. +

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- d. Updates of students' functional behavioral analysis and positive behavior intervention plans.
 - e. Additional student evaluations. +
 - f. Debriefing with staff. +
 - g. Use of schoolwide positive behavior support.; and
 - h. Changes to the school environment.
 - i. Analysis of data to determine trends.
 - j. Ongoing reduction of the use of restraint.
- (b) Any revisions <u>a school district makes to its</u> to the district's policies and procedures <u>pursuant to this section</u> τ

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which must be prepared as part of its special policies and procedures, must be filed with the bureau chief of the Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student Services within 90 days of the revision no later than January 31, 2012.

- (c) At the beginning of each school year, a school district shall publicly post its policies and procedures on positive behavior interventions and supports as adopted by the school district.
- (5) TRAINING.—Each school district shall provide training to all school personnel authorized to use positive behavior interventions and supports pursuant to school district policy. Training shall be provided annually and must include:
- (a) The use of positive behavior interventions and supports.
- (b) Risk assessment procedures to identify when restraint may be used.
- (c) Examples of when positive behavior interventions and support techniques have failed to reduce the imminent risk of serious injury.
- (d) Examples of safe and appropriate restraint techniques and how to use these techniques with multiple staff members working as a team.
- (e) Instruction in the district's documentation and reporting requirements.

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(f) Procedures to identify and deal with possible medical
emergencies arising during the use of restraint.
(g) Cardiopulmonary resuscitation.
Each school district shall publish the procedures for the
training required under this subsection in the district's
special policies and procedures manual.
(6) Crisis intervention plan.—
(a) Upon the second time a student is restrained during a
semester, the school shall develop a crisis intervention plan
for the student. The crisis intervention plan shall be developed
by a team comprised of the student's parent, school personnel,
and applicable medical professionals.
(b) The crisis intervention plan must include:
1. Specific positive behavior interventions and supports
to use in response to dangerous behaviors that create a threat
of imminent risk of serious injury.
2. Known physical and behavioral health concerns that will
limit the use of restraint for the student.
3. A timetable for the review and, if necessary, revision
of the crisis intervention plan.
(c) The school must provide a copy of the crisis
intervention plan to the student's parent.
(7) documentation and reporting.—

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(a) A school shall prepare an incident report within 24

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hours after a student is released from restraint or seclusion.

If the student's release occurs on a day before the school

closes for the weekend, a holiday, or another reason, the

incident report must be completed by the end of the school day

on the day the school reopens.

- (b) The following must be included in the incident report:
- 1. The name of the student restrained or secluded.
- 2. The age, grade, ethnicity, and disability of the student restrained or secluded.

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- 3. The date and time of the event and the duration of the restraint or seclusion.
- 4. The location at which the restraint or seclusion occurred.
- 5. A description of the type of restraint used in terms established by the department of Education.
- 6. The name of the person using or assisting in the restraint or seclusion of the student and the date the person was last trained in the use of positive behavior interventions and supports.
- 7. The name of any nonstudent who was present to witness the restraint or seclusion.
- 8. A description of the incident, including <u>all of the following</u>:
- a. The context in which the restraint or seclusion occurred.

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b. The student's behavior leading up to and precipitating the decision to use manual or physical restraint or seclusion, including an indication as to why there was an imminent risk of serious injury or death to the student or others.

- c. The specific positive behavior interventions and supports behavioral strategies used to prevent and deescalate the behavior.
- d. What occurred with the student immediately after the termination of the restraint or seclusion.
- e. Any injuries, visible marks, or possible medical emergencies that may have occurred during the restraint or seclusion, documented according to district policies.
- f. Evidence of steps taken to notify the student's parent or quardian.
- g. The date the crisis intervention plan was last reviewed and whether changes were recommended.
- (c) A school shall notify the parent or guardian of a student each time manual or physical restraint or seclusion is used. Such notification must be in writing and provided before the end of the school day on which the restraint or seclusion occurs. Reasonable efforts must also be taken to notify the parent or guardian by telephone or computer e-mail, or both, and these efforts must be documented. The school shall obtain, and keep in its records, the parent's or guardian's signed acknowledgment that he or she was notified of his or her child's

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225 restraint or seclusion.

- (d) A school shall also provide the parent or guardian with the completed incident report in writing by mail within 3 school days after a student was manually or physically restrained or secluded. The school shall obtain, and keep in its records, the parent's or guardian's signed acknowledgment that he or she received a copy of the incident report.
 - $(8) \frac{(2)}{(2)}$ MONITORING.—
- (a) Monitoring of The use of manual or physical restraint or seclusion on students shall be monitored occur at the classroom, building, district, and state levels.
- (b) Any documentation prepared by a school pursuant to as required in subsection (7) (1) shall be provided to the school principal, the district director of Exceptional Student Education, and the bureau chief of the Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student Services electronically each month that the school is in session.
- (c) The department shall maintain aggregate data of incidents of manual or physical restraint and seclusion and disaggregate the data for analysis by county, school, student exceptionality, and other variables, including the type and method of restraint or seclusion used. This information shall be updated monthly, de-identified, and made available to the public through the department's website no later than October 1, 2019.
 - (d) The department shall establish standards for

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documenting, reporting, and monitoring the <u>incident reports</u>

<u>related to the</u> use of <u>manual or physical</u> restraint <u>or mechanical</u>

<u>restraint</u>, and <u>occurrences of seclusion</u>. These standards shall

be provided to school districts <u>by October 1</u>, <u>2011</u>.

- (4) PROHIBITED RESTRAINT.—School personnel may not use a mechanical restraint or a manual or physical restraint that restricts a student's breathing.
- (5) SECLUSION.—School personnel may not close, lock, or physically block a student in a room that is unlit and does not meet the rules of the State Fire Marshal for seclusion time-out rooms.
- Section 2. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 1012.582, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 1012.582 Continuing education and inservice training for teaching students with developmental <u>and emotional or behavioral</u> disabilities.—
- (1) The Commissioner of Education shall develop recommendations to incorporate instruction regarding autism spectrum disorder, Down syndrome, and other developmental disabilities, and emotional or behavioral disabilities into continuing education or inservice training requirements for instructional personnel. These recommendations shall address:
- (a) Early identification of, and intervention for, students who have autism spectrum disorder, Down syndrome, or other developmental disabilities, or emotional or behavioral

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275 disabilities.

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- (b) Curriculum planning and curricular and instructional modifications, adaptations, and specialized strategies and techniques.
 - (c) The use of available state and local resources.
- (d) The use of positive <u>behavior interventions and</u> <u>behavioral</u> supports to deescalate problem behaviors.
- (e) The Appropriate use of manual physical restraint and seclusion techniques, positive behavior interventions and supports, and effective classroom behavior management strategies.
- shall consult with the State Surgeon General, the Director of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, representatives from the education community in the state, and representatives from entities that promote awareness about autism spectrum disorder, Down syndrome, and other developmental disabilities, and emotional or behavioral disabilities and provide programs and services to persons with developmental disabilities, including, but not limited to, regional autism centers pursuant to s. 1004.55.
 - Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.

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